

Operation Manual

Goodrive100-01 Series Inverter Special for PV Water Pumps



Preface

Goodrive100-01 special inverters are developed for the power supply of water pumps based on the core control algorithm of Goodrive high performance inverters and the control requirements of PV water pumps. All series products apply Infineon power modules. The function of Maximum power tracking, dormant at weak light, wake up at strong light, high water level dormant, underload pre-warning and other control protection functions can ensure normal operation of water pumps according to the customers' requirements to switch to the grid power supply.

Please refer to this manual and the manual of Goodrive100 to commission the inverter. If the product is ultimately used for military affairs or manufacture of weapon, it will be listed on the export control formulated by *Foreign Trade Law of the People's Republic of China*. Rigorous review and necessary export formalities are needed when exported.

Our company reserves the right to update the information of our products.

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1 Product overview

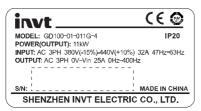
1.1 Product specifications

	Functions	Specifications
	Input AC voltage (V)	AC 3PH 380V (-15%) ~440V (+10%)
	Maximum input DC bus voltage	800VDC
Input	Recommended DC bus voltage	513VDC
	Recommended MPP range	350~750VDC
	Input current (A)	Refer to the rated value
	Input frequency (Hz)	50Hz or 60Hz Allowed range: 47~63Hz
	Output voltage (V)	0~ the input voltage
Output	Output current (A)	Refer to the rated value
	Output power (kW)	Refer to the rated value
	Output frequency (Hz)	0~400Hz
	Control mode	SVPWM, SVC
	Motor type	Asynchronous motor
	Speed ratio	Asynchronous motor 1:100 (SVC)
	Speed control accuracy	±0.2%(SVC)
	Speed fluctuation	± 0.3%(SVC)
Control	Torque response	<20ms(SVC)
	Torque control accuracy	10%(SVC)
	Starting torque	0.25Hz/150%(SVC)
		150% of rated current: 1 minute
	Overload capability	180% of rated current: 10 seconds
		200% of rated current: 1 second

	Functions	Specifications
	Frequency setting method	Digital setting, analog setting, pulse frequency setting, multi-step speed running setting, simple PLC setting, PID setting, MODBUS communication setting Shift between the set combination and set channel
	Auto-adjustment of	Keep a stable voltage automatically when the grid
Dunning	the voltage	voltage transients
Running	Fault protection	Provide over 30 fault protection functions: overcurrent, overvoltage, undervoltage, overheating, phase loss and overload, etc.
	Special functions for PV water pumps	Maximum power tracking, pre-warning at weak light (A-LS), auto wake up at strong light, pre-warning when full water (A-tF), auto wake up at low water level, underload pre-warning (A-LL) and fault protection of water level sensor (tSF), when pre-warning, the inverter is in stand-by.
	Terminal analog input resolution	≤20mV
	Terminal switch input resolution	≤2ms
	Analog input	1 (AI2) 0~10V/0~20mA and 1 (AI3) -10~10V
Peripheral	Analog output	2 (AO1, AO2) 0~10V /0~20mA
interface	Digital input	4 common inputs, the Max. frequency: 1kHz, internal impedance: 3.3kΩ; 1 high speed input, the Max. frequency: 50kHz
	Relay output	2 programmable relay output RO1A NO, RO1B NC, RO1C common terminal RO2A NO, RO2B NC, RO2C common terminal

	Functions	Specifications	
		Contactor capability: 3A/AC250V	
	Keypad	External (can be 30m)	
	Mountable mode	Wall mountable and flange mountable	
	Temperature of the	40 50°C death about 40°C	
	running environment	-10~50℃, derate above 40℃	
	Average non-fault	2 years (25% ambient temperature)	
	time	2 years (25℃ ambient temperature)	
Others	Protective degree	IP20	
	Cooling	Air-cooling	
	Braking unit	Embedded	
		Built-in C3 filter: meet the degree requirement of	
	F140 5%	IEC61800-3 C3	
	EMC filter	Optional external filter: meet the degree	
		requirement of IEC61800-3 C2	

1.2 Name plate



Note: Above is an example of name plates of Goodrive100-01 standard products. CE\TUV\P20 will be marked on the name plate according to actual certifications.

1.3 Model instruction

The model instruction contains information on the inverter. The user can find the model code on the type designation label attached to the inverter or the simple name plate.

Field		Detailed			
identification	Sign	description of	Detailed content		
identification		the sign			
Product	(I)	Product	Goodrive100-01 is abbreviated as GD100-01		
abbreviation	(<u>1</u>)	abbreviation	Goodrive100-01: special for PV water pumps		
Rated power		Power range +	5R5-5.5kW		
Kaleu powei	@	Load type	G—Constant torque load		
Voltage	(8)	Voltage degree	4: AC 3PH 380V (-15%)~440V(+10%)		
degree	· · · ·	voitage degree	4: AC 3FH 360V (-13%)~440V(+10%)		

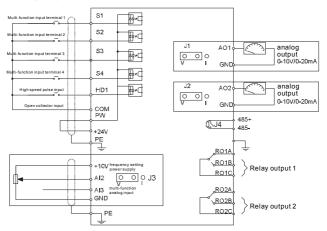
1.4 Rated specifications

GD100-01-XXXX-4	0R7G	1R5G	2R2G	004G	5R5G	7R5G	011G	015G
Rated output power(kW)	0.75	1.5	2.2	4	5.5	7.5	11	15
Maximum DC input current (A)	4.2	6.1	7.1	16.5	23.9	30.6	39.2	49.0
Rated input current(A)	3.4	5.0	5.8	13.5	19.5	25	32	40
Rated output current(A)	2.5	3.7	5	9.5	14	18.5	25	32

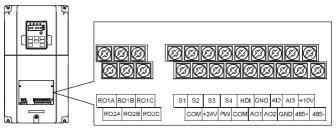
Note: the output current is the rated value when the output voltage is 380V. If the output voltage is 400V, 415V and 440V, the output current can be calculated.

1.5 Terminals, wiring and dimension diagram

1.5.1 Wiring diagram of the control circuit



1.5.2 Terminals arrangement



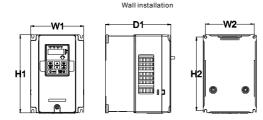
1.5.3 Terminals description

Terminal name	Description
RO1A	RO1 relay output, RO1A NO, RO1B NC, RO1C common terminal
RO1B	Contactor capability:3A/AC250V,1A/DC30V

Terminal		Description				
name		Description				
RO1C						
RO2A	RO2 relay output, RO2A NO, RO2B NC, RO2C common terminal Contactor capability:3A/AC250V					
RO2B						
RO2C						
+10V	Local power supply	+10V				
AI2	Input range: AI2 v can be shifted by J3	oltage and current can be chose: 0~10V/0~20mA; Al3 , -10V~+10V				
Al3		voltage input: $20k\Omega$; current input: 500Ω inimum one is $5mV$ when $10V$ corresponds to $50Hz$				
GND	+10V reference null	potential				
AO1	1. Output range:0~10V or 0~20mA					
AO2	2. The voltage or the current output is depended on the jumper 3. Deviation±1%,25°C					
PE	Grounding terminal					
PW	Provide the input sw Voltage range: 12~2	itch working power supply from external to internal. 4V				
24V	The inverter provides current of 200mA	s the power supply for users with a maximum output				
COM	+24V common termi	nal				
S1	Switch input 1	1. Internal impedance:3.3kΩ				
S2	Switch input 2	12~30V voltage input is available 3. The terminal is the dual-direction input terminal				
S3	Switch input 3	supporting both NPN and PNP				
S4	Switch input 4	Max input frequency:1kHz All are programmable digital input terminal. User can set the terminal function through function codes.				
HDI	Except for S1~S4, th	nis terminal can be used as high frequency input				

Terminal name	Description
	channel.
	Max. input frequency:50kHz
485+	485 communication interface and 485 differential signal interface
405	If it is the standard 485 communication interface, please use twisted pairs
485-	or shield cable.

1.5.4 Dimension drawings



Power	W1	W2	H1	H2	D1	Installation hole
0.75kW~2.2kW	126.0	115.0	186.0	175.0	155.0	5
4kW~5.5kW	146.0	131.0	256.0	243.5	167.0	6
7.5kW~15kW	170.0	151.0	320.0	303.5	196.3	6

2 Function parameters

For the convenience of function codes setting, the function group number corresponds to the first level menu, the function code corresponds to the second level menu and the function code corresponds to the third level menu.

1. Below is the instruction of the function lists:

The first column "Function code": codes of function parameter group and parameters:

The second column "Name": full name of function parameters;

The third column "Detailed illustration of parameters": detailed illustration of the function parameters;

The forth column "Default": original factory settings of the parameters;

The fifth column "Modify": the modifying character of function codes (the parameters can be modified or not and the modifying conditions), below is the instruction:

"O": means the set value of the parameter can be modified on stop and running state;

"©": means the set value of the parameter can not be modified on the running state;

"• ": means the value of the parameter is the real detection value which can not be modified;

"♦": means the function code is hidden.

(In order to avoid mistakes, the modify attribute of each parameter is limited by the inverter)

2.1 Parameters of common functions

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters	Default	Modify
P00 Group	Basic fu	nction group		
P00.00	Speed control mode	0: SVC 0 No need to install encoders. Suitable in applications which need low frequency, big torque for high accuracy of rotating speed and torque control. Relative to mode 1, it is more suitable for the applications which need small	2	0

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters	Default	Modify
		power.		
		1: SVC 1		
		1 is suitable in high performance cases with the		
		advantage of high accuracy of rotating speed		
		and torque. It does not need to install pulse		
		encoder.		
		2:SVPWM control		
		2 is suitable in applications which do not need		
		high control accuracy, such as the load of fan		
		and pump. One inverter can drive multiple		
		motors.		
		Select the run command channel of the inverter.		
		The control command of the inverter includes:		
		start, stop, forward/reverse rotating, jogging and		
		fault reset.		
		0:Keypad running command		
		channel("LOCAL/REMOT" light off)		
		Carry out the command control by RUN,		
	Run	STOP/RST on the keypad.		
P00.01	command	Set the multi-function key QUICK/JOG to	0	0
	channel	FWD/REVC shifting function (P07.02=3) to		
		change the running direction; press RUN and		
		STOP/RST simultaneously in running state to		
		make the inverter coast to stop.		
		1:Terminal running command channel		
		("LOCAL/REMOT" flickering)		
		Carry out the running command control by the		
		forward rotation, reverse rotation and forward		

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters	Default	Modify
		jogging and reverse jogging of the multi-function		
		terminals		
		2:Communication running command channel		
		("LOCAL/REMOT" on);		
		The running command is controlled by the upper		
		monitor via communication		
		This parameter is used to set the maximum		
		output frequency of the inverter. Users need to		
	Max. output	pay attention to this parameter because it is the	50.00	
P00.03	frequency	foundation of the frequency setting and the	Hz	0
		speed of acceleration and deceleration.		
		Setting range: P00.04~400.00Hz		
		The upper limit of the running frequency is the		
	Upper limit	upper limit of the output frequency of the		
P00.04	of the	inverter which is lower than or equal to the	50.00	
P00.04	running	maximum frequency.	Hz	0
	frequency	Setting range:P00.05~P00.03 (Max. output		
		frequency)		
		The lower limit of the running frequency is that		
		of the output frequency of the inverter.		
	Lower limit	The inverter runs at the lower limit frequency if		
P00.05	of the	the set frequency is lower than the lower limit.	0.00Hz	0
1 00.05	running	Note: Max. output frequency ≥ Upper limit	0.00112	•
	frequency	frequency ≥ Lower limit frequency		
		Setting range:0.00Hz~P00.04 (Upper limit of the		
		running frequency)		
P00.11	ACC time 1	ACC time means the time needed if the inverter	Depend	
FUU. II	ACC LITTLE T	speeds up from 0Hz to the Max. output	on	0

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters	Default	Modify
		frequency (P00.03).	model	
		DEC time means the time needed if the inverter speeds down from the Max. Output frequency to 0Hz (P00.03). Goodrive100 series inverters have four groups	Depend	
P00.12	DEC time 1	of ACC/DEC time which can be selected by P05. The factory default ACC/DEC time of the inverter is the first group. Setting range of P00.11 and	on model	0
		P00.12:0.0~3600.0s		
P00.13	Running direction selection	O: Runs at the default direction, the inverter runs in the forward direction. FWD/REV indicator is off. 1: Runs at the opposite direction, the inverter runs in the reverse direction. FWD/REV indicator is on. Modify the function code to shift the rotation direction of the motor. This effect equals to the shifting the rotation direction by adjusting either two of the motor lines (U, V and W). The motor rotation direction can be changed by QUICK/JOG on the keypad. Refer to parameter P07.02. Note: When the function parameter comes back to the default value, the motor's running direction will come back to the factory default state, too. In some cases it should be used with caution after commissioning if the change of	0	0

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters	Default	Modify
		rotation direction is disabled. Reverse rotation is		
		forbidden for water pump applications and the		
		function code can not be adjusted.		
		2: Forbid to run in reverse direction: It can be		
		used in some special cases if the reverse		
		running is disabled.		
		0:No operation		
		1:Rotation autotuning		
		Comprehensive motor parameter autotune.		
		It is recommended to use rotation autotuning		
	Motor	when high control accuracy is needed.		
D00.45	parameter autotuning	2:Static autotuning		
P00.15		It is suitable in the cases when the motor can	0	0
		not de-couple form the load. The antotuning for		
		the motor parameter will impact the control		
		accuracy.		
		3: Static autotuning 2 (No autotuning for		
		non-load current and mutual inductance)		
		0:No operation		
		1:Restore the default value		
		2:Clear fault records		
	Function	Note: The function code will restore to 0 after		
P00.18	restore	finishing the operation of the selected function	0	0
	parameter	code.		
		Restoring to the default value will cancel the		
		user password, please use this function with		
		caution.		
P01 Group	p Start-up	and stop control		

Function code	Name	Detailed illustratio	n of parameters	Default	Modify
P01.08	Stop mode	O: Decelerate to stop: after becomes valid, the invert reduce the output frequent When the frequency decrinverter stops. 1: Coast to stop: after the becomes valid, the invert immediately. And the load mechanical inertia.	er decelerates to ncy during the set time. reases to 0Hz, the e stop command er ceases the output	1	0
P01.18	Operation protection	O: The terminal running of when powering on. The terminal running of powering on.		0	0
P01.21	Restart after power off	0: Disabled 1: Enabled,		0	0
P02 Grou	p Motor 1 ¡	parameters			
P02.01	Rated power of asynchrono us motor	0.1~3000.0kW	Set the parameter of the asynchronous motor. In order to ensure the	Depend on model	0
P02.02	Rated frequency of asynchrono us motor	0.01Hz~P00.03	controlling performance, set the P02.01~P02.05 according to the name plate of the	50.00 Hz	0
P02.03	Rated speed of	1~36000rpm	asynchronous motor. Goodrive100 series	Depend on	0

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration	on of parameters	Default	Modify
	asynchrono us motor		inverters provide the function of parameter	model	
P02.04	Rated voltage of asynchrono us motor	0~1200V	autotuning. Correct parameter autotuning comes from the correct setting of the	Depend on model	0
P02.05	Rated current of asynchrono us motor	0.8~6000.0A	motor name plate. In order to ensure the controlling performance, please configure the motor according to the standard principles, if the gap between the motor and the standard one is huge, the features of the inverter will decrease. Note: Reset the rated power of the motor (P02.01), initialize the motor parameter of P02.02~P02.10.	Depend on model	0
P02.06	Stator resistor of asynchrono us motor	0.001~65.535Ω	After finish the motor parameter autotuning, the set value of	Depend on model	0

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration	on of parameters	Default	Modify
P02.07	Rotor resistor of asynchrono us motor	0.001~65.535Ω	P02.06~P02.10 will renew automatically. These parameters are basic parameters	Depend on model	0
P02.08	Leakage inductance of asynchrono us motor	0.1~6553.5mH	controlled by vectors which directly impact the features. Note: Users cannot modify the	Depend on model	0
P02.09	Mutual inductance of asynchrono us motor	0.1~6553.5mH	parameters freely.	Depend on model	0
P02.10	Non-load current of asynchrono us motor	0.1~6553.5A		Depend on model	0
P04 Grou	SVPWM	control		ı	1
P04.00	V/F curve setting	These function codes def Goodrive100 motor 1 to r different loads. 0:Straight line V/F curve; constant torque load 1:Multi-dots V/F curve 2:1.3th power low torque 3:1.7th power low torque 4:2.0th power low torque	applying to the V/F curve V/F curve	4	0

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters	Default	Modify
3040		Curves 2–4 apply to the torque loads such as fans and water pumps. Users can adjust according to the features of the loads to get the best performance. 5:Customized V/F(V/F separation); in this mode, V can be separated from f and f can be adjusted through the frequency given channel set by P00.06 or the voltage given channel set by P04.27 to change the feature of the curve. Note: V _b in the below picture is the motor rated voltage and f _b is the motor rated frequency. Output voltage Linear type 1.3th power off V/Fcurve 1.7th power off V/Fcurve 2.0th power off V/Fcurve Square type Output frequency		
P04.01	Torque boost	Torque boost to the output voltage for the	0.0%	0
P04.02	Torque boost close	features of low frequency torque. P04.01 is for the Max. output voltage Vb. P04.02 defines the percentage of closing frequency of manual torque to fb. Torque boost should be selected according to the load. The bigger the load is, the bigger the torque is. Too big torque boost is inappropriate because the motor will run with over magnetic, and the current of the inverter will increase to add the temperature of the inverter and decrease the efficiency.	20.0%	0

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters	Default	Modify
		When the torque boost is set to 0.0%, the		
		inverter is automatic torque boost.		
		Torque boost threshold: below this frequency		
		point, the torque boost is valid, but over this		
		frequency point, the torque boost is invalid.		
		Output voltage Contract voltage Contract vol		
		The setting range of P04.01:0.0%:(automatic)		
		0.1%~10.0%		
		The setting range of P04.02:0.0%~50.0%		
		This function code is used to compensate the		
		change of the rotation speed caused by load		
		during compensation SVPWM control to		
		improve the rigidity of the motor. It can be set to		
		the rated slip frequency of the motor which is		
	. //⊏ . E	counted as below:		
	V/F slip	∆f=f _b -n*p/60	0.0%	0
	compensati	Of which, fb is the rated frequency of the motor,	0.0%	O
	on gain	its function code is P02.01; n is the rated		
		rotating speed of the motor and its function code		
		is P02.02; p is the pole pair of the motor.		
		100.0% corresponds to the rated slip		
		frequency∆f.		
		Setting range:0.0~200.0%		
P05 Group	o Input teri	minals		

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters	Default	Modify
DOE 00	HDI input	0: HDI is high pulse input. See P05.49~P05.54	•	
P05.00	selection	1:HDI is switch input	0	0
P05.01	S1 terminals function selection	0: No function 1: Forward rotation operation	1	0
P05.02	S2 terminals function selection	2: Reverse rotation operation 3: 3-wire control operation 4: Forward jogging 5: Reverse jogging	4	©
P05.03	S3 terminals function selection	6: Coast to stop 7: Fault reset 8: Operation pause 9: External fault input	7	0
P05.04	S4 terminals function selection	42: PV disabled 43: PV voltage reference (optional for grid power supply)	0	0
P05.09	HDI terminals function selection	44: Switch between solar input and power frequency input 45~63: Reserved	0	0
P05.10	Polarity selection of the input terminals	0x000~0x10F	0X000	0
P05.49	HDI high-speed	The function selection when HDI terminals is high-speed pulse input	0	0

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters	Default	Modify	
	pulse input	0:Frequency setting input, frequency setting			
	function	source			
		1:Counter input, high-speed pulse counter input			
		terminals			
		2:Length counting input, length counter input			
		terminals			
	Lower limit		0.00		
P05.50	frequency	0.00kHz~P05.52	kHz	0	
	of HDI		KI IZ		
	Correspondi				
	ng setting of				
P05.51	HDI low	-100.0%~100.0%	0.0%	0	
	frequency				
	setting				
	Upper limit		50.00		
P05.52	frequency	P05.50~50.00kHz	kHz	0	
	of HDI		KI IZ		
	Correspondi				
	ng setting of		100.0		
P05.53	upper limit	-100.0%~100.0%	%	0	
	frequency		76		
	of HDI				
	HDI				
P05.54	frequency	0.000s~10.000s	0.100s	0	
1 03.34	input filter	10.0003	0.1008	0	
	time				
P06 Group Output terminals					

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters	Default	Modify
	Relay RO1	0:Invalid		
P06.03	output	1:In operation	1	0
	selection	2:Forward rotation operation		
		3:Reverse rotation operation		
		4: Jogging operation		
		5:The inverter fault		
		6:Frequency degree test FDT1		
		7:Frequency degree test FDT2		
		8:Frequency arrival		
		9:Zero speed running		
		10:Upper limit frequency arrival		
		11:Lower limit frequency arrival		
		12:Ready for operation		
		13:Pre-magnetizing		
	Relay RO2	14:Overload pre-alarm		
P06.04	output	15: Underload pre-alarm	5	0
	selection	16:Completion of simple PLC stage		
		17:Completion of simple PLC cycle		
		18:Setting count value arrival		
		19:Defined count value arrival		
		20:External fault valid		
		21: Reserved		
		22:Running time arrival		
		23:MODBUS communication virtual terminals		
		output		
		24~26: Reserved		
		27: Weak light		
		28:Switch between solar input and power		

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters	Default	Modify
		frequency input after threshold arrived		
		29:Switch between solar input and power		
		frequency input by teminal input		
		30 :Reserved		
	Switch on			
P06.10	delay of	0.000~50.000s	0.000s	0
	RO1			
	Switch off			
P06.11	delay of	0.000~50.000s	0.000s	0
	RO1			
	Switch on			
P06.12	delay of	0.000~50.000s	0.000s	0
	RO2			
	Switch off			
P06.13	delay of	0.000~50.000s	0.000s	0
	RO2			
P08 Group	p Enhance	d functions		
P08.28	Times of	0~10	0	0
1 00.20	fault reset	0 10	J	
		0x00~0x11		
		LED ones		
	Overmodula	0: Invalid		
P08.41	tion	1: Valid	01	0
	selection	LED tens		
		0: Light overcommission;		
		1: Heavy overcommission		

2.2 Parameters of special functions

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters		Modify
P11 Group) Protecti	ve parameters		
P11.01	Frequency- decreasing at sudden power loss	$0.00\sim1.00$ (If the voltage degree is 400V, 0.85 corresponds to 460V)	0.85	0
P11.02	Frequency decreasing ratio at sudden power loss	0.00Hz~P00.03/s Setting range: 0.00Hz/s~P00.03 (the Max. frequency) After the power loss of the grid, the bus voltage drops to the sudden frequency-decreasing point, the inverter begin to decrease the running frequency at P11.02, to make the inverter generate power again. The returning power can maintain the bus voltage to ensure a rated running of the inverter until the recovery of power.		0
P15 Group	Special f	unctions for PV inverters		
P15.00	PV inverter selection	0: Invalid 1: Enable 0 means the function is invalid and the group of parameters can not be used 1 means the function is enabled, and P15 parameters can be adjusted	0	0
P15.01	Vmpp voltage reference	O: Voltage reference 1: Max. power tracking O means to apply voltage reference mode. The reference is a fixed value and given by P15.02. 1 means to apply the reference voltage of Max.	1	0

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters		Modify
		power tracking. The voltage is changing until the		
		system is stable.		
		No matter what kind of reference voltage is applied,		
		if the bus voltage is higher than reference voltage,		
		the target frequency will change to the upper limit of		
		PI output frequency and if the bus voltage is lower		
		than the reference voltage, the target frequency will		
		change to the lower limit of PI output frequency.		
		Note: If terminal 43 is valid, the function is invalid.		
P15.02	Vmpp voltage keypad reference	0.0~6553.5Vdc If P15.01 is 0, the reference voltage is given by P15.02.		0
		0.0~100.0% (100.0% corresponds to P15.02)		
		If the ratio percentage of bus voltage to reference		
		voltage, which is abs(bus voltage-reference		
	PI control	voltage)*100.0%/ reference voltage, if the value		
P15.03	deviation	exceeds the deviation limit of P15.03, PI	0.0%	0
		adjustment is available, otherwise, there is no PI		
		adjustment and the value is defaulted to be 0.0%		
		Abs: the absolute value		
		P15.05~100.0%(100.0% corresponds to P00.03)		
	Upper	P15.04 is used to limit the Max. value of target	100.0	
P15.04	frequency	frequency, 100.0% corresponds to P00.03.	%	0
	of PI output	After PI adjustment, the target frequency can not	76	
		exceed the upper limit.		
P15.05	Lower	0.0%~P15.04(100.0% corresponds to P00.03)	20.00/	0
P15.05	frequency	P15.05 is used to limit the Min. value of target	20.0%	O

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters	Default	Modify
	of PI output	frequency, 100.0% corresponds to P00.03.		
		After PI adjustment, the target frequency can not		
		exceed the lower limit.		
		0.00~100.00		
P15.06	KP1	The proportion coefficient 1 of the target frequency	1.00	0
P 15.06	KFI	The bigger the value is, the stronger the effect and	1.00	
		faster the adjustment is.		
		0.00~100.00		
P15.07	KI1	The integral coefficient 1 of the target frequency	1.00	0
P 15.07	KII	The bigger the value is, the stronger the effect and	1.00	
		faster the adjustment is.		
		0.00~100.00		
P15.08	KP2	The proportion coefficient 2 of the target frequency	4.00	0
P 15.08		The bigger the value is, the stronger the effect and	4.00	
		faster the adjustment is.		
		0.00~100.00		
P15.09	KI2	The integral coefficient 2 of the target frequency	4.00	0
F 13.08	NIZ	The bigger the value is, the stronger the effect and	4.00	
		faster the adjustment is.		
		0.0~6553.5Vdc		
	PI switchina	If the absolute value of bus voltage minus the		
P15.10	point	reference value is bigger than P15.10, it will switch	50.0V	0
	ропп	to P15.08 and P15.09; otherwise it is P15.06 and		
		P15.07.		
		0: Invalid		
P15.11	Water level	1: Al1	0	0
F 13.11	control	2: AI2		
		3: AI3		

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters		Modify
		The function is invalid if select 0.		
		1~3 is the reference from the simulating signal		
		source of water level control. After selecting the		
		simulating signal source, P15.12, P15.13, P15.14		
		and P15.15 are valid.		
		0.0~100.0%		
		If the simulating signal is less than the water level		
		threshold and keep in the state after the delay time		
	147 6 . 1 1	set by P15.13, report A-tF and dormant. If the time		
P15.12	Water level	is not reached, the signal is bigger than the water	25.0%	0
	threshold	level threshold; the time will be cleared		
		automatically. When the signal time is shorter than		
		the water level threshold time, the time will be		
		counted again.		
P15.13	Full water	0~10000s	60s	0
F 13.13	delay	Time setting of full water delay	008	Ŭ
		0~10000s		
		Time setting of non-water delay.		
		In the full water pre-warning, if the detected		
P15.14	Non-water	simulating signal is bigger than the value set by	600s	0
F 13.14	delay	P15.12, it begins to count the delay time. After	0005	
		lasting for the time set by P15.14, the pre-warning		
		will be cleared. Under the condition of non		
		continuous, delay time will be reset automatically.		
	Hydraulic	0.0~100.0%		
P15.15	probe	0.0%: Invalid. If it is not 0.0%, when the signal is	0.0%	0
1 13.13	damage	longer than P15.15, it will report tSF fault directly	0.070	
	uamaye	and stop.		

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters	Default	Modify
Operation		0.0~1000.0s		
P15.16	time of	Set the operation time of underload operation.	00.0-	0
F 13.16	water pump	Under the continuous underload operation, it will	60.0s	
	underload	report A - LL if the operation time is reached.		
		0.0%: Automatic detection 0.1~100.0%		
		If not 0.0%, it is determined by the inverter. If it is not 0.0%, it is determined by P15.17. 100.0%		
	Current	corresponds to the rated motor current.		
P15.17	detection of	If the target frequency and the absolute value of the	0.0%	0
1 13.17	underload operation	ramp frequency is less than or equal to P15.19, and	0.070	
		the current is less than P15.17, after the time set by		
		P15.16, it will report underload fault; otherwise, it		
		will operate normally. If the state is not continuous,		
		the delay counting will be cleared automatically.		
		0.0~1000.0s		
		Underload reset delay		
		The operation time and reset time are counted at		
	l lu daulaad	the same time during underload, and it is bigger		
P15.18	Underload	than P15.16 generally to ensure underload	120.0s	0
	reset delay	pre-warning will be reported. After the time set by		
		P15.18-P15.16, it will reset. If the value is the same		
		as P15.16, it will reset when report underload		
		pre-warning.		
	Lag	0.00~200.00Hz		
P15.19	frequency	P15.19 is the lag frequency for the analysis of	0.30Hz	0
1 13.13	threshold	underload operation. If the target frequency and the	0.00112	
	incondu	absolute value of the ramp frequency is less than or		

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters	Default	Modify	
		equal to P15.19, the current will be compared.			
		0.0~3600.0s			
		Delay time of weak light			
		If the output frequency is less than or equal to the			
	Delay time	lower limit of PI output frequency and the state lasts			
P15.20	of weak	for the set value, it will report A-LS and dormant. If	100.0s	0	
	light	the state is not continuous, the delay counting will			
		be cleared automatically.			
		Note: If the bus voltage is lower than $+50.0V$, it will			
		report directly and no need to wait for the set time.			
	Delay time	0.0~3600.0s			
P15.21	of wake-up	Delay time of wake-up at weak light	300.0s	0	
1 13.21	at weak	After the delay time, the pre-warning time of weak			
	light	light will be cleared and operate again.			
	Initial				
P15.22	reference	0.0~2000.0V	0	•	
1 13.22	voltage	0.0 2000.00	U		
	display				
		0.0~P15.24			
		Valid in MPPT Max. tracking voltage, the Mini.			
	Mini voltage	tracked voltage			
P15 23	reference of	Track in the range of P15.23~P15.24. P15.24	450.0V	0	
1 13.23	Max. power	needs to be bigger than P15.23. The less the	100.01	_	
	tracking	difference, the faster the tracking is. But the Max.			
		voltage needs to be in the range. P15.23 and			
		P15.24 can be adjusted according to site operation.			
P15.24	Max.	P15.23~P15.28	550.0V	0	
1 10.24	voltage	Valid in MPPT Max. tracking voltage, the Max.	550.00	Ú	

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters	Default	Modify
	reference of Max. power tracking	tracked voltage		
P15.25	Adjustment of initial reference voltage	0.0~200.0V MPPT begins to change from the reference voltage Initial reference voltage =Bus voltage-P15.25		0
P15.26	Upper and lower limit time of Vmppt	0.0~10.0s When P15.26 is set to 0.0, the automatic adjustment is invalid. If it is not 0.0, the upper and lower limit of Vmppt will be adjusted automatically after the time set by P15.26. The medium value is the current bus voltage and the limit is P15.27: Maximum / Minimum reference voltage=Current bus voltge±P15.27 and it will update to P15.23 and P15.24 at the same time		0
P15.27	Upper and lower limit of Vmppt	in 20.0~100.0V Iower limit The adjustment of the upper and lower limit		0
P15.28	Maximum P15.24~6553.5V value of The upper limit can not exceed the P15.28 when Vmppt Vmppt is the maximum value		570.0V	0
P15.29	Voltage samole of the solar output vhen the selection is 0		0	0
P15.30	Switch to	0.0%~P15.31	5.0%	0

Function code	Name	Detailed illustration of parameters	Default	Modify
	the threshold of power frequency input	If the value is lower than the threshold, it can switchto power frequency input through the relay output If the value is 0.0%, it is invalid 100.0% corresponds to 10V or 20mA		
P15.31	Switch to the threshold of solar input	P15.30~100.0% If the value is higher than the threshold, it can switchto solar input through the relay output. In order to avoid repeated switching, the threshols needs to be higher than the threshold of P15.30. If the value is 0.0%, it is invalid 100.0% corresponds to 10V or 20mA	10.0%	0
P15.32	Reserved			0
P15.33	Reserved			0

Remark:

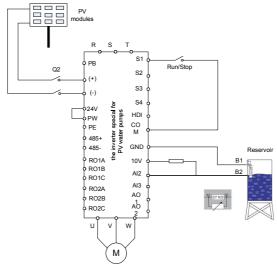
- 1. The time when the inverters operated to the lower limit of PI output frequency after starting is determined by the ACC time.
- 2. The instruction of delay time. If various delay conditions such as weak light, full water, and underload are met, the inverter will count the delay time respectively. After the separated delay time is arrived, it will report pre-warning and others are still kept. If the pre-warning is restored, but other conditions for delay are still existent, it will count after the precious time. So if the some pre-warning condition is not met, the pre-warning time will be cleared.

3 Commissioning guide

3.1 Wiring and commissioning steps

3.1.1 Commissioning steps during power supply

 Wire according to the diagram and check the wiring is correct or not and then switch on Q2.



- Set the motor parameters
- (a) Set P00.18=1 and restore to the factory settings.
- (b) Set P00.01=0 and change the command to keypad control.
- (c) Set the name plate of the motor, including P02.01, P02.02, P02.03, P02.04 and P02.05 (remember to press "ENT" after setting).
- Detection of water yield for water pumps

Set the lower limit of output frequency P00.05=6.00Hz, stop mode P01.08=1 and coast to

stop.

And then, set P15.00=1 to enable the special functions for water pumps, click "Run" key and the default mode is MPPT, observe the running frequency and water yield. If the operation frequency or water yield is low at normal light, the motor wires may be reserved, so it is necessary to exchange the wiring.

4. PI adjustment to the water yield

If the user requires large or low water yield, it is necessary to adjust PI (P15.06~P15.10) properly. The bigger PI parameters, the stronger the effect is, but the frequency fluctuation of the motor is bigger; in reserve, the lower the water yield is, the more stable the motor frequency is.

5. Commissioning of MPPT speed tracking

P15.23 and P15.24 is the minimum and maximum voltage of the power tracking in MPPT mode. If the voltage range is smaller, the faster the tracking is. But the bus voltage in normal operation needs to be in the range; otherwise the maximum power can not be tracked. Generally:

- (a) If the rated motor voltage is 415V, P15.23=520(minimum reference voltage), P15.24=600(maximum reference voltage).
- (b) If the rated motor voltage is 380V, P15.23=500(minimum reference voltage), P15.24=550(maximum reference voltage).
- (c) If the rated motor voltage is 220V, P15.23=270(minimum reference voltage), P15.24=330(maximum reference voltage).

Above settings are only for reference and can be adjusted according to the actual applications or by automatic adjustment. P15.26 is used to adjust the time between the maximum voltage and minimum voltage of MPPT and can be used with P15.27 to adjust the maximum and minimum reference voltage. The upper limit of maximum reference voltage can not exceed the maximum setting value of P15.28.

6. Fault setting and reset time setting of fault delay

If the pre-warning of weak light, full water and underload are needed, it is necessary to set the detection point, delay time and reset time according to the actual working. Full water/no water settings are P15.11~P15.14; the function settings of underload are P15.16~P15.19; the function settings of weak light are P15.20~P15.21. Default settings

can be used, too.

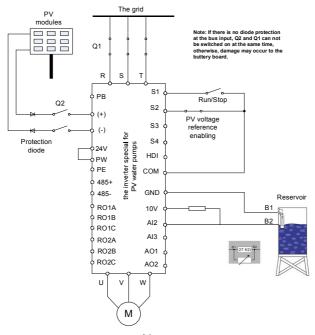
7. Parameters setting after normal operation

If the water yield is normal and the system operation is stable, the commissioning is finished. Set P00.01=1, switch to terminal mode and set P01.18=1, P01.21=1 and P08.28=5.

Note: 0.85 of P11.01 corresponds to 460V. The coefficient can be modified, but can not be modified to below 0.41 (0.41 corresponds to undervoltage point 220V, so it may report undervoltage fault if the actual bus voltage is less than the value).

3.1.2 Commissioning steps during grid power supply

1. Wire according to the diagram and check the wiring is correct or not



Switch off Q2 and then switch on Q1.

- 2. After the power frequency, commission the system according to steps 2, 3, 4, 6 and 7 mentioned in 3.1.1.
- 3. Set P5.02=43 and then switch on S2 (or set P15.01=0) to enable the PV voltage reference.
- 4. Observe the bus voltage and set P15.02 to ensure the value is less than the bus voltage during operation. The bigger the value is, the bigger the water yield is. It is recommended to use the voltage value which is 20~30V less than the bus voltage in normal operation.
- 5. Switch off Q1 and S2 and switch on Q2 to switch to PV power supply.

Note: If there is no diode protection at the bus input, Q2 and Q1 can not be switched on at the same time, otherwise, damage may occur to the buttery board.

4 Fault instruction

4.1 Common faults and solutions

Fault code	Fault type	Possible cause	Solutions
OUt1	IGBT Ph-U fault	1. The acceleration is too	Increase Acc time.
OUt2	IGBT Ph-V fault	fast.	Change the power unit.
OUt3	IGBT Ph-W fault	2. IGBT module fault. 3.The connection of the driving wires is not good, 4. Grounding is not properly.	3. Check the driving wires. 4. Inspect external equipment and eliminate interference.
OC1	Over-current when acceleration	The acceleration or deceleration is too fast.	Increase the ACC time Check the input power
OC2	Over-current when deceleration	The voltage of the grid is too low.	Select the inverter with a larger power
003	Over-current when constant speed running	 The power of the inverter is too low. The load transients or is abnormal. The grounding is short circuited or the output is phase loss. There is strong external interference. 	4. Check if the load is short circuited (the grounding short circuited or the wire short circuited) or the rotation is not smooth. 5. Check the output configuration. 6. Check if there is strong interference.
OV1	Over-voltage when acceleration	The input voltage is abnormal.	 Check the input power Check if the DEC time of
OV2	Over-voltage when deceleration	There is large energy feedback.	the load is too short or the inverter starts during the

Fault code	Fault type	Possible cause	Solutions
OV3	Over-voltage when constant speed running		rotation of the motor or it needs to increase the energy consumption components.
UV	DC bus Under-voltage	The voltage of the power supply is too low.	Check the input power of the supply line
OL1	Motor overload	The voltage of the power supply is too low. The motor setting rated current is incorrect. The motor stall or load transients is too strong.	Check the power of the supply line Reset the rated current of the motor Check the load and adjust the torque lift
OL2	Inverter overload	1. The acceleration is too fast 2. Reset the rotating motor 3. The voltage of the power supply is too low. 4. The load is too heavy. 5. Close loop vector control, reverse direction of the code panel and long low-speed operation	1. Increase the ACC time 2. Avoid the restarting after stopping. 3. Check the power of the supply line 4. Select an inverter with bigger power. 5. Select a proper motor.
OL3	Electrical overload	The inverter will report overload pre-alarm according to the set value.	Check the load and the overload pre-alarm point.
SPI	Input phase loss	Phase loss or fluctuation of input R,S,T	Check input power Check installation distribution

Fault code	Fault type	Possible cause	Solutions
SPO	Output phase loss	U,V,W phase loss input(or serious asymmetrical three phase of the load)	Check the output distribution Check the motor and cable
OH1	Rectify overheat		1. Refer to the overcurrent
OH2	IGBT overheat	1. Air duct jam or fan damage 2. Ambient temperature is too high. 3. The time of overload running is too long.	solution 2. Redistribute dredge the wind channel or change the fan 3. Low the ambient temperature 4. Check and reconnect 5. Change the power 6. Change the power unit 7. Change the main control panel
EF	External fault	SI external fault input terminals action	Check the external device input
CE	Communication error	1. The baud rate setting is incorrect. 2. Fault occurs to the communication wiring. 3. The communication address is wrong. 4. There is strong interference to the communication.	Set proper baud rate Check the communication connection distribution Set proper communication address. Chang or replace the connection distribution or improve the anti-interference capability.

Fault code	Fault type	Possible cause	Solutions
ltE	Current detection fault	The connection of the control board is not good Assistant power is bad Hoare components is broken The modifying circuit is abnormal.	Check the connector and repatch Change the Hoare Change the main control panel
tΕ	Autotuning fau l t	1. The motor capacity does not comply with the inverter capability 2. The rated parameter of the motor does not set correctly. 3. The offset between the parameters from autotune and the standard parameter is huge 4. Autotune overtime	1. Change the inverter mode 2. Set the rated parameter according to the motor name plate 3. Empty the motor load. 4. Check the motor connection and set the parameter. 5. Check if the upper limit frequency is above 2/3 of the rated frequency.
EEP	EEPROM fault	Error of controlling the write and read of the parameters Damage to EEPROM	Press STOP/RST to reset Change the main control panel
PIDE	PID feedback fault	PID feedback offline PID feedback source disappear	Check the PID feedback signal Check the PID feedback source

Fault code	Fault type	Possible cause	Solutions
bCE	Braking unit fault	Braking circuit fault or damage to the braking pipes The external braking resistor is not sufficient	Check the braking unit and , change new braking pipe Increase the braking resistor
ETH1	Grounding shortcut fault 1	The output of the inverter is short circuited with the ground. There is fault in the current detection circuit.	Check if the connection of the motor is normal or not Change the Hoare Change the main control panel
ETH2	Grounding shortcut fault 2	The output of the inverter is short circuited with the ground. There is fault in the current detection circuit.	Check if the connection of the motor is normal or not Change the Hoare Change the main control panel
dEu	Velocity deviation fault	1.The load is too heavy or stalled.	Check the load and ensure it is normal. Increase the detection time. Check whether the control parameters are normal.
STo	Maladjustment fault	The control parameters of the synchronous motors not set properly. The autoturn parameter is not right. The inverter is not connected to the motor.	Check the load and ensure it is normal. Check whether the control parameter is set properly or not. Increase the maladjustment detection time.

Fault code	Fault type	Possible cause	Solutions
END	Time reach of factory setting	The actual running time of the inverter is above the internal setting running time.	Ask for the supplier and adjust the setting running time.
LL	Electronic underload fault	The inverter will report the underload pre-alarm according to the set value.	Check the load and the underload pre-alarm point.
tSF	Hydraulic probe damage	Hydraulic probe damage and the feedback signal wire are not connected well	1.Check the wiring and change the probe
A-LS	Weak light pre-warning	The output frequency is lower than or equal to the lower limit of PI output frequency and keep to reach to the weak light delay time	1.Check the lower limit of PI output and the setting value of delay time
A-LL	Underload pre-warning	1.The water pumps runs at a small load and the operation time reaches the set time	1.Check the water level of the resource and the pre-warning point of underload
A-tF	Full-water pre-warning	1.The feedbacked water level is lower than the threshold and keep it for a certain time	1.Check the pre-warning point of the water level

Table: recommended solar modules

	:				Open-circuit voltage degree of solar module	t voltage d	egree of sc	olar module	a a		
	Max C	20-	20±3V	30₹	30±3V	36±	36±3V		42±3V	3V	
Inverter model	input	on popul	Modul	OFFICE	Modul	On TOW	Modu	ol boM	Modul	Module	Modul
	- E	Module	es per	Modul	es ber	Mode	es per	Module	es per	Module	es per
	nt (A)	power +5\\\r	string *	power +5///p	string *	power +5W/n	string *	power +5\//n	string *	+5Wh	string *
	,		strings		strings	- C4 4 P	strings	-0, vp	strings	٠. ا	strings
GD100-01-0R7 G-4	4.2	30	29*1	-	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
GD100-01-1R5 G-4	6.1	09	30*1	1	•	•	Ī	1	•	1	1
GD100-01-2R2 G-4	7.1	06	30*1	1	ı	145	18*1	175	15*1		1
GD100-01-004 G-4	16.5	82	28*2	220	22*1	140	17*2	160	15*2	1	ı
GD100-01-5R5 G-4	23.9	•	-		ı	195	17*2	220	15*2	1	-
GD100-01-7R5 G-4	9.08	ı	-	215	21*2	175	17*3	200	15*3	300	15*2
GD100-01-011 G-4	39.2	ı	-	200	22*3	195	17*4	220	15*4	1	ı
GD100-01-015 G-4	49	1	1	205	22*4	200	18*5	240	15*5	300	15*4



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Industrial Automation: ■Frequency Inverter ■Servo & Motion Control ■Motor & Electric Spindle ■PLC

■HMI ■Intelligent Elevator Control System ■ Traction Drive

Electric Power: ■SVG ■Solar Inverter ■UPS ■Online Energy Management System



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